



## ICAO ASBU Implementation Monitoring Questionnaire

V.3 – 10/11/2015

#### Please fill in the information highlighted in yellow.

In each Module, a number of relevant actions is provided that define the actions to be taken in order to implement the concerning Module. Please note the list of relevant actions is not exhaustive, more information related to the relevant actions can be found in the ESSIP Plan 2015 - <a href="http://www.eurocontrol.int/articles/essip-plan">http://www.eurocontrol.int/articles/essip-plan</a>

Annex A presents the guidance on how to determine the progress of each Module.

Annex B contains the detailed description of relevant actions for Priority 1 Modules.

Annex C includes the detailed description of relevant actions for Other Block 0 Modules.

#### Requested information on Block 0, Priority 1 Modules

<State>

#### B0-APTA

NAV10 Implem	nent APV proce	dures				
Optimization of guidance	Approach Pro	ocedures	including	vertical	12/2018	<mark>Status</mark>
•		in WGS-84 i	n accordance		Completion Date	

#### B0-SURF

	ment Advanced Surface Movement Guidance ontrol System (A-SMGCS) Level1		
Safety and Efficient 1-2)	ency of Surface Operations (A-SMGCS Level	12/2018	<b>Status</b>
<ul> <li>Publish A-SMGCS</li> <li>procedures) in nat</li> <li>Implement approviewith A-SMGCS</li> <li>Equip Ground veh</li> <li>Mandate the carrier</li> </ul>	veillance equipment Level 1 procedures (including transponder operating ional aeronautical information publications ed A-SMGCS operational procedures at airports equipped icles age of required equipment you intend to complete this objective	Completion Date	

AOP04.2	Implement Advanced Surface Movement Guidance and Control System (A-SMGCS) Level 2		
Safety and 1-2)	Efficiency of Surface Operations (A-SMGCS Level	12/2018	Status
Implement	uired A-SMGCS control function equipment	Completion Date	
Explain how a	nd when you intend to complete this objective	Dale	

## **B0-FICE**

ITY- COTR	Implementation of ground-ground automated co- ordination processes		
Increased	Interoperability, Efficiency and Capacity through ound Integration	12/2015	<mark>Status</mark>
Implement     Coordinati	as: t flight data processing and exchange systems t processes such as, Notification; Initial ion; Revision of Coordination, etc. ad when you intend to complete this objective	Completion Date	

ATC17	Electronic Dialogue as Automated Assistance to Controller during Coordination and Transfer		
	Interoperability, Efficiency and Capacity through ound Integration	12/2015	Status
Relevant action			
	and put into service ATC system to support the Basic procedure lly PAC and COD)		
	and put into service ATC system to support electronic dialogue in Transfer of communication process	Completion	
	and put into service ATC system to support electronic dialogue in Coordination process	Completion Date	
Develop s	afety assessment for the changes		
<mark>Explain how a</mark>	nd when you intend to complete this objective		

ITY- FMTP	Apply a common flight message transfer protocol (FMTP)		
	Interoperability, Efficiency and Capacity through ound Integration	12/2015	<mark>Status</mark>
exchange coordinat • Develop	ns: and put into service communication systems to support information via FMTP between FDPS(s) for the purpose of notification, ion and transfer of the flights between ATC units safety assessment for the changes nd when you intend to complete this objective	Completion Date	

## B0-DATM

INF04 Implement integrated briefing		
Service Improvement through Digital Aeronautical Information Management	12/2015	Status
Relevant actions:         • Implement integrated briefing         Explain how and when you intend to complete this objective	Completion Date	

ITY-ADQ	Ensure quality of aeronautical data and aeronautical information	t	
Service Im Manageme	provement through Digital Aeronautical Information ent	12/2015	
Relevant actio	ns:		
Implemer	it a quality management system (QMS	Completion Date	Status
Implemer	nt data quality requirements	Completion Date	Status
Implemer	nt the common dataset and digital exchange format	Completion Date	Status
Establish	formal arrangements	Completion Date	Status
Explain how a	nd when you intend to complete this objective	Final Completion Date	<mark>Overall</mark> Status

## B0-ACAS

ATC16 Implement ACAS II compliant with TCAS II change 7.1		
ACAS Improvements	12/2015	Status
<ul> <li>Relevant actions:</li> <li>Deliver operational approval for ACAS II version 7.1 equipped aircraft</li> <li>Establish ACAS II (TCAS II version 7.1) performance monitoring</li> <li>Obtain airworthiness certification for ACAS II version 7.1 equipped aircraft</li> <li>Obtain operational approval for ACAS II version 7.1 equipped aircraft</li> <li>Explain how and when you intend to complete this objective</li> </ul>	Completion Date	

## B0-SNET

ATC02.2	Implement ground based safety nets – Short Term Conflict Alert (STCA) - level 2		
Increased	Effectiveness of Ground-Based Safety Nets – STCA	12/2018	<mark>Status</mark>
Relevant action	ns:		
Conduct s	safety oversight of the changes		
<ul> <li>Implement</li> </ul>	t the STCA function	<b>Completion</b>	
Develop s	safety assessment of the changes	Date	
Explain how a	nd when you intend to complete this objective	Date	
ł			

ATC02.5	Implement ground based safety nets - Area Proximity Warning - level 2		
Increased	Effectiveness of Ground-Based Safety Nets – APW	12/2018	Status
	ons: nt the APW function <mark>and when you intend to complete this objective</mark>	- <mark>Completion</mark> Date	
ATC02.6	Implement ground based safety nets - Minimum Safe Altitude Warning - level 2		
		12/2018	<b>Status</b>

## Additional information on other Block 0 Modules

## B0-ACDM

AOP05 Implement Airport Collaborative Decision Making (CDM)	01/2016	
Improved Airport Operations through Airport- CDM	-	Status
<ul> <li>Relevant actions:</li> <li>Define and implement local Air Navigation Service (ANS) procedures for</li> <li>information sharing through Letters of Agreement (LoAs) and/or Memorandum of Understanding (MoU)</li> <li>Define and implement local procedures for turnaround processes</li> <li>Define and implement variable taxi-time and pre-departure sequencing procedure</li> <li>Define and implement procedures for CDM in adverse conditions, including the de-icing</li> <li>Explain how and when you intend to complete this objective</li> </ul>	Completion Date	

## B0-RSEQ

ATC07.1	Impleme	ent arriv	al manager	ment tools		12/2015	
Improve (AMAN/DN	Traffic IAN)	flow	through	Runway	Sequencing	-	<mark>Status</mark>
<ul> <li>Impleme</li> <li>Adapt TN</li> <li>Impleme</li> </ul>	nt initial basi nt initial basi IA organisat nt basic AM	ic AMAN p tion to acc AN functio	ommodate use	of basic AMA	١	Completion Date	

ATC15	ATC15 Implement, in En-Route operations, information exchange mechanisms, tools and procedures in support of Basic AMAN operations			12/2017	
Improve	Traffic flow through	Runway	Sequencing		<mark>Status</mark>
(AMAN/DM	AN)			_	
Relevant actions:         • Develop safety assessment for the changes         • Adapt the ATC systems that will implement arrival management functionality in En-Route sectors in support of AMAN operations in adjacent/subjacent TMAs         • Implement ATC procedures in En-Route airspace/sectors that will implement AMAN information and functionality         Explain how and when you intend to complete this objective					

## B0-FRTO

AOM19 Implement Advanced Airspace Management	12/2016	
Improved Operations through Enhanced En-Route Trajectories	-	Status
<ul> <li>Relevant actions:</li> <li>Implement Rolling ASM/ATFCM process</li> <li>Optimise flexible airspace structure design and availability</li> <li>Improve accuracy of airspace booking.</li> <li>Implement an improved Notification Process supporting the Rolling ASM/ATFCM process</li> <li>Deploy automated ASM support systems</li> </ul> Explain how and when you intend to complete this objective	Completion Date	

NAV03 Implementation of P-RNAV	12/2012	
Improved Operations through Enhanced En-Route Trajectories	-	Status
Relevant actions:         Develop and implement RNAV arrival and departure procedures for P-RNAV approved aircraft         Provide appropriate terrestrial navigation infrastructure to support RNAV operations         Install appropriate RNAV equipment         Implement P-RNAV routes where identified as providing benefit         Develop a Local P-RNAV Safety Case         Explain how and when you intend to complete this objective	Completion Date	

## B0-NOPS

FCM01 Implement enhanced tactica services	flow management	12/2006	
Improved Flow Performance through P Network-Wide view	-	<mark>Status</mark>	
Relevant actions:			
<ul> <li>Supply ETFMS (Enhanced Tactical Flow Manag</li> </ul>	ment System) with Basic		
Correlated Position Data			
<ul> <li>Supply ETFMS with Standard Correlated Position I</li> </ul>	ata		
Receive and process ATFM data from the NM			
<ul> <li>Inform NM of flight activations and estimates for AT</li> </ul>	<b>Completion</b>		
<ul> <li>Inform NM of re-routings inside FDPA for ATFM put</li> </ul>	Date		
Inform NM of aircraft holding for ATFM purposes			
Supply NM with Departure Planning Information (D			
Explain how and when you intend to complete this object	<mark>e</mark>		

FCM06 Traffic Complexity Assessment	12/2021	
Improved Flow Performance through Planning based on a Network-Wide view	-	Status
Relevant actions:         • Implement Local Traffic Load Management tool         • Implement Local Traffic Complexity tools and procedures         • Provide EFD (ETFMS Flight Data) to the local traffic complexity tools	Completion Date	
Explain how and when you intend to complete this objective		

## B0-ASUR

ITY-SPI	Surveillance performance and interoperability	12/2019	
Initial capa	ability for ground surveillance	-	Status
Relevant action Conduct Ensure ir Conduct Conduct infrastruct Carriage Carriage	ons: safety oversight for the existing surveillance chain hteroperability of surveillance data Safety Assessment for the existing surveillance chain Safety Assessment for changes introduced to the surveillance	Completion Date	

## <u>B0-CDO</u>

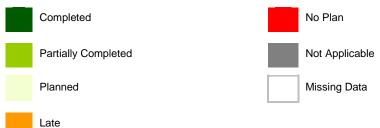
Improved Flexibility and Efficiency in Descent Profiles (CDO)-StatusRelevant actions:Coordinate activities and implement rules and procedures for the application of CDO techniques whenever practicable in Approach Control Service in close cooperation with aircraft operators-Status•Support CDO measures, implement monitoring of performance and feedback to ANSP and users where equipment is available. Provide the main link with the local communityCompletion Date•Include CDO techniques in the aircrew training manual and support its implementation wherever possibleDate	ENV01	Implement Continuous Descent Operations (CDO) techniques for environmental improvements	12/2013	
<ul> <li>Coordinate activities and implement rules and procedures for the application of CDO techniques whenever practicable in Approach Control Service in close cooperation with aircraft operators</li> <li>Support CDO measures, implement monitoring of performance and feedback to ANSP and users where equipment is available. Provide the main link with the local community</li> <li>Include CDO techniques in the aircrew training manual and support its</li> </ul>	Improved	Flexibility and Efficiency in Descent Profiles (CDO)	-	Status
Explain how and when you intend to complete this objective	<ul> <li>Coordina of CDO to cooperati</li> <li>Support ( to ANSP the local</li> <li>Include C implement</li> </ul>	te activities and implement rules and procedures for the application echniques whenever practicable in Approach Control Service in close ion with aircraft operators CDO measures, implement monitoring of performance and feedback and users where equipment is available. Provide the main link with community CDO techniques in the aircrew training manual and support its ntation wherever possible		

## <u>B0-TBO</u>

ITY- AGDL	Initial ATC air-ground data link services above FL- 285	02/2015	
	Safety and Efficiency through the initial application k En-Route	-	<mark>Status</mark>
<ul> <li>informatio</li> <li>Ensure A<sup>-</sup></li> <li>Procedure</li> <li>Ensure</li> <li>communic</li> <li>Deploy co</li> <li>Ensure th processin</li> <li>Equip airco</li> <li>Specify re</li> <li>Arrange a</li> </ul>	e publication of relevant information in the national aeronautical n publication TN/VDL-2 availability, security policy and address management	Completion Date	

## Annex A: ICAO ASBU monitoring – guidance and template

The following colours apply to the assessment of progress of each implementation objective and for each ICAO EUR State, where maps are used to illustrate progress.



Definitions of individual progresses have been defined as follows in the LSSIP documents:

"Progress"	"Progress" Definition
	The development or improvement aimed by the Objective is reportedly fulfilled (it is either in operational use or there is reported on-going compliance by the stakeholder(s) as applicable).
Completed	Relevant info should be provided confirming the completion, e.g. reference(s) to a national plan or publication(s), evidences of compliance with relevant national regulations, an audit confirming compliance or completion etc.
	Implementation is reportedly on-going, however not yet fully completed:
Partially	<ul> <li>Most of the actions are completed or implemented, but the aimed development or improvement is not yet operational; or</li> </ul>
Completed	<ul> <li>The development or improvement aimed through this objective is operational, but compliance with the applicable requirements or specifications is only partially achieved.</li> </ul>
	The Stakeholder's situation must be briefly but clearly explained in the "Comment" field, so that the reader may understand what is the current status and what are the local plans/schedule to achieve full completion.
Planned	A planned schedule and proper (budgeted) action are specified; and
	The level of implementation so-far does not qualify the objective as "Partially Completed".
	<ul> <li>Part or all of the actions leading to completion of the objective are "Planned" to be achieved after the ESSIP target date; or their implementation is ongoing but will be achieved later than that date; or</li> </ul>
	None or only too little actions have started vs. the timing needed for full implementation/ completion; or
Late	The ESSIP target date is already exceeded.
	1) The Stakeholder has reviewed the Objective and:
	a) has no intention (yet) to plan or implement it (implying that the Stakeholder has given some consideration to
	the Objective and its possible benefits), <b>or</b>
	b) has not (yet) a defined or approved implementation plan and/or budget for the Objective concerned
No Plan	In the 1 <sup>st</sup> situation, the Stakeholder should provide a clear rationale for his decision; while in the 2 <sup>nd</sup> situation, the Stakeholder should at least provide a statement of intentions. <b>Or</b>
	2) The Stakeholder has neither reviewed the Objective nor considered its participation in the Objective concerned. The Stakeholder <b>must</b> then provide a statement of intentions.
	The Objective is found to be <b>not applicable</b> for this Stakeholder or State.
Not	Important: Do not confuse with "No Plan":
Applicable	So the difference between "No Plan" and "N/A" is like between "does not want to; has no intention" and "is not able to; cannot because of a justified reason".
	Lack of data from a Stakeholder makes it impossible to define "Progress", for a State.
Missing Data	"Missing Data" can be used as another means to challenge the Stakeholders for more consistent info, when other requests have failed. This is one of the ways in which can be indicated to the Stakeholders that the Agency considers insufficient or cannot accept their inputs so far for that particular SLoA/ Stakeholder/ Objective.

## Annex B: Detailed description of relevant actions for Priority 1 Modules

The objective of this Annex is to provide more detailed information on the activities required for the actions indicated in the questionnaire associated to each ESSIP Objective. More information can be found in ESSIP Plan 2015:

http://www.eurocontrol.int/articles/essip-plan

## B0-APTA

	NAV10	Implement APV procedures			
Op		Approach Procedures including vertical guidance			
•	Design and Publish APV/Baro and/or APV/SBAS procedures - Develop APV procedures at all instrument runway ends, either as the primary approach or as a back-up for precision approaches. The APV level to be implemented at different locations depends upon local requirements. This action includes the following tasks: - Identify runways where APV should be introduced; - Design APV procedures; - Publish APV procedures in national AIPs.				
•	Publish in AIPs all coordinates data in WGS-84 in accordance with ICAO Annex 15 requirements - It is an essential requirement for RNAV procedures that all coordinates data published in AIPs, e.g. Runway Thresholds, Navigation Aids, Waypoints, etc, are surveyed with reference to the WGS84 standard. Following survey which may be undertaken in accordance with the Eurocontrol standard for WGS 84 survey (Doc 006), the data must be maintained with adequate integrity.				
<u>B0-</u>	-SURF				
	AOP04.1	Implement Advanced Surface Movement Guidance and Control System (A-SMGCS) Level1			
Sa	afety and Effici	iency of Surface Operations (A-SMGCS Level 1-2)			
•	<b>Install required surveillance equipment</b> - Install all the surveillance equipment and related systems as specified in the functional specifications for A-SMGCS, in order to enable aerodrome controllers to locate and identify aircraft and vehicles on the manoeuvring area (in co-operation with Airport operators, as appropriate).				
•	procedures) ir	GCS Level 1 procedures (including transponder operating n national aeronautical information publications - Incorporate the agreed and IGCS Level 1 operating procedures into national aeronautical information			
•	Implement approved A-SMGCS operational procedures at airports equipped with A-SMGCS - Develop and apply agreed and validated A-SMGCS Level 1 procedures as an integral part of the aerodrome control service.				
•	<b>Equip Ground vehicles -</b> Ensure vehicles operating on the manoeuvring area of airports equipped with A-SMGCS Level 1 are equipped with the necessary systems as specified in the functional specifications for A-SMGCS, to provide their position and identity to the A-SMGCS Level 1 surveillance system.				
•	<b>Mandate the carriage of required equipment -</b> Mandate the equipage of aircraft operating into airports equipped with A-SMGCS Level 1 with the necessary systems to provide their position and identity to the A-SMGCS Level 1 surveillance system.				
	AOP04.2	Implement Advanced Surface Movement Guidance and Control System (A-SMGCS) Level 2			

Safety and Efficiency of Surface Operations (A-SMGCS Level 1-2)

- Install required A-SMGCS control function equipment Install A-SMGCS control function systems in order to enable the detection of conflicts & intrusions in accordance with A-SMGCS Level 2 requirements (in co-operation with ANSPs, as appropriate). Such equipment should be provided in addition to the equipment requirements for A-SMGCS Level 1.
- Implement approved A-SMGCS Level 2 operational procedures at airports equipped with A-SMGCS Level 2 Apply agreed and validated A-SMGCS Level 2 procedures as an integral part of the aerodrome control service.

## B0-FICE

ITY-COTR Implementation of ground-ground automated co-ordination processes
 Increased Interoperability, Efficiency and Capacity through Ground-Ground Integration
 Implement flight data processing and exchange systems - The system shall provide all the information required for the display, processing and compilation of the system information exchanged in the process specified.
 Implement processes such as, Notification; Initial Coordination; Revision of Coordination, etc. - Implement a process of initial coordination of flight between ATC units.
 The Initial Coordination process satisfies the following operational requirements: - Replace the verbal boundary estimate by transmitting automatically details of a flight from one ATC unit to the next prior to the transfer of control; - Update the basic flight plan data in the receiving ATC unit with the most

to the transfer of control; - Update the basic flight plan data in the receiving ATC unit with the most recent information; - Facilitate distribution and display of flight plan data within the receiving ATC unit to the working positions involved; - Enable display of correlation in the receiving ATC unit; - Provide transfer conditions to the receiving ATC unit.

The Revision of Coordination process is used to transmit revisions to co-ordination data previously sent in an Initial Coordination message provided that the accepting unit does not change as a result of the modification.

ATC17 Electronic Dialogue as Automated Assistance to Controller during Coordination and Transfer

Increased Interoperability, Efficiency and Capacity through Ground-Ground Integration

- Upgrade and put into service ATC system to support the Basic procedure (specifically PAC and COD) - When bilaterally agreed between ANSPs, upgrade and put into service ATC system to support the Basic procedure, specifically Preliminary Activation Message (PAC) and, if applicable, SSR Code Assignment Message (COD).
- Upgrade and put into service ATC system to support electronic dialogue procedure in Transfer of communication process - When bilaterally agreed between ANSPs, upgrade and put into service ATC system to support electronic dialogue procedure in Transfer of communication process using OLDI.
- Upgrade and put into service ATC system to support electronic dialogue procedure in Coordination process When bilaterally agreed between ANSPs, upgrade and put into service ATC system to support electronic dialogue procedure in Coordination process using OLDI.
- Develop Safety case for the changes Develop safety assessment of the changes, notably upgrades of the system to support Electronic Dialogue during Coordination and Transfer. The tasks to be done are as follows:

- Conduct hazard identification, risk assessment in order to define safety objectives and safety requirements mitigating the risks;

- Develop safety assessment;

- Deliver safety assessment to the NSA, if new standards are applicable or if the severity class of identified risks is 1 or 2.

This safety assessment shall be based on fully validated/recognised method.

#### **ITY-FMTP** Apply a common flight message transfer protocol (FMTP)

Increased Interoperability, Efficiency and Capacity through Ground-Ground Integration

- Upgrade and put into service communication systems to support information exchange via FMTP between FDPS(s) for the purpose of notification, coordination and transfer of the flights between ATC units - Ensure that the communication systems supporting the coordination procedures between ATC units using a peer-to-peer communication mechanism and providing services to general air traffic shall apply the flight message transfer protocol (FMTP). The tasks to be performed are as follows:
  - Define requirements based on relevant standards/regulations;
  - Upgrade communication systems to comply with defined requirements;
  - Verify compliance with Interoperability Regulation(s);
  - Integrate upgraded communication systems into the EATM Network;
  - Put into service upgraded communication systems.
- Develop safety assessment for the changes Notify the NSA of planned changes and develop safety assessments of the changes for the upgrades of communication systems which support information exchange using a peer-to-peer communication mechanism via FMTP between FDPS(s). The tasks to be performed are as follows:
  - Notify the NSA of planned changes;
  - Conduct hazard identification, risk assessment in order to define safety objectives and safety requirements mitigating the risks;
  - Develop safety assessment;
  - Deliver a safety assessment report to the NSA, if new standards are applicable or if the severity class of identified risks is 1 or 2.

This safety assessment shall be based on fully validated/recognised method.

#### B0-DATM

INF04

#### Service Improvement through Digital Aeronautical Information Management

• Implement integrated briefing - Implement and provide integrated briefing function. The data required during the pre-flight phase is provided and presented into one package in a flexible manner. This is about integrating all information relevant to a flight (AIS, Flight Plan, MET and ATFM) into one single output that can be tailored to the user-s needs.

**Note:** Level 5 is optional and it defines a single report to be provided by systems. At this level full integration is achieved and a single front-end application is used to access the briefing services. However these may have separate background applications hidden from the user. Level five allows the various briefing products (MET, AIS etc.) to be combined into a single output which may be tailored as requested by the pilot.

## ITY-ADQ Ensure quality of aeronautical data and aeronautical information Service Improvement through Digital Aeronautical Information Management

Implement a quality management system (QMS) – Implement and maintain a Quality

- Management System for the provision of Aeronautical Information Services. An ISO 9001 certificate issued by an appropriate accredited organisation shall be considered as a sufficient means of compliance. Additionally safety management and security management objectives are included in the QMS as described in Art 10 of EU regulation 73/2010. As part of the QMS it should be ensured that personal responsible for tasks in the provision of Aeronautical data/information are adequately trained, competent and authorised for the job they are required to do.
- **Implement data quality requirements –** Implement the data quality requirements as per Annex 15, in terms of completeness, timeliness, consistency, accuracy, resolution and integrity.
- Implement the common dataset and digital exchange format Aeronautical Data/Information shall be provided according to a common dataset specification (IAIP, TOD, Aerodrome Mapping Data) (reference Annex 15), ensuring that the data and information are transferred in accordance with the data exchange format requirements (AIXM).
- **Establish formal arrangements** between Aeronautical Information providers and data originators for the exchange of Aeronautical data/information.

#### **B0-ACAS**

	ATC16	Implement ACAS II compliant with TCAS II change 7.1
A	CAS Improven	nents
•	are as follows: - Instruction o appropriate ce - Approval of maintenance	tional approval for ACAS II version 7.1 equipped aircraft - The tasks to be done f the certification application file delivered by the applicant in accordance with the rtification process; pertinent training programs, checklists, operations manuals or training manuals, programs, minimum equipment lists or other pertinent documents or document cable to that operator.
•	performance of	<b>AS II (TCAS II version 7.1) performance monitoring -</b> Establish a monitoring of the of ACAS in the ATC environment, as described in PANS-ATM (Procedures for Air vices - ICAO Doc. 4444 Fifteenth Edition 2007-ATM/501)
•	certification ap	<b>rthiness certification for ACAS II version 7.1 equipped aircraft -</b> Provide a plication case to the competent authority for the state of registry of the aircraft to obtain certification for their airframes equipped with ACAS II equipment.
•	operational ap Certificate, ope - Changes to tu - Changes to n - Other areas r	tional approval for ACAS II version 7.1 equipped aircraft - In order to obtain proval by the Competent authority of the State from which they hold an Air Operator erators must provide evidence which pertains to: raining and maintenance programmes; nanuals, operational procedures, minimum equipment lists; and necessary for safe and effective TCAS use and the qualification of aircrews through the ing programmes.
<u>B0</u> -	<u>SNET</u>	Implement around based sofety note. Chart Term Conflict Alart
	ATC02.2	Implement ground based safety nets – Short Term Conflict Alert (STCA) - level 2
In	creased Effec	tiveness of Ground-Based Safety Nets – STCA
•	review the saf introduced by the The tasks to be - Analyse the p - Review safet	ty oversight of the changes - Verify that a safety assessment is conducted and ety assessment report before acceptance. Conduct the safety oversight of changes the introduction of Short Term Conflict Alert - level 2 ground safety net. e done are as follows: provided safety assessment in detail; y arguments provided in the safety assessment report; SP/ANS by written letter of the accepted change.

The safety case shall be developed in accordance with a validated / recognised safety assessment method.

- Implement the STCA function Implement STCA systems and associated procedures in line with EUROCONTROL Specification and related guidance material in En-Route airspace, applicable TMAs and Military ATC units providing radar services.
- Develop safety assessment of the changes Develop safety assessment of the changes, notably ATC systems and procedures that will implement Short Term Conflict Alert (STCA) - level 2 functionality and associated procedures. The tasks to be done are as follows:

- Conduct hazard identification, risk assessment in order to define safety objectives and safety requirements mitigating the risks;

- Develop safety assessment;

2

- Deliver a safety assessment report to the NSA, if new standards are applicable or if the severity class of identified risks is 1 or 2.

This safety assessment shall be based on fully validated/recognised method.

#### Increased Effectiveness of Ground-Based Safety Nets – STCA

 Implement the APW function - Put into service ground-based safety tool systems and associated procedures supporting the APW function in En-Route airspace, applicable TMAs and Military ATC units providing surveillance services.

# ATC02.6 Implement ground based safety nets - Minimum Safe Altitude Warning - level 2

Increased Effectiveness of Ground-Based Safety Nets – STCA

 Implement the MSAW function - Put into service ground-based safety tool systems and associated procedures supporting the MSAW function.

## Annex C: Detailed description of relevant actions for Other Block 0 Modules

The objective of this Annex is to provide more detailed information on the activities required for the actions indicated in the questionnaire associated to each ESSIP Objective. More information can be found in ESSIP Plan 2015:

http://www.eurocontrol.int/articles/essip-plan

## B0-ACDM

	AOP05	Implement Airport Collaborative Decision Making (CDM)						
Im	Improved Airport Operations through Airport- CDM							
•	information s Understanding information ma other stakehold A-CDM Manual http://www.euro	Alement local Air Navigation Service (ANS) procedures for haring through Letters of Agreement (LoAs) and/or Memorandum of (MoU) - Agree, define and implement local procedures for information sharing and hagement systems based on A-CDM Implementation Manual, in co-operation with ers involved.(consult the supporting material for AOP05 concerning full references of s) control.int/sites/default/files/content/documents/official-documents/reports/2015- edobjectives.pdf.						
•		<b>Diement local procedures for turnaround processes -</b> Define and implement local urnaround processes (milestone approach) based on A-CDM Implementation Manual As.						

- Define and implement variable taxi-time and pre-departure sequencing procedure Agree, define and implement local procedures for pre-departure sequencing taking into account preferences based on A-CDM Implementation Manual, in co-operation with other stakeholders involved.
- Define and implement procedures for CDM in adverse conditions, including the de-icing -Agree, define and implement local CDM procedures to manage adverse conditions based on A-CDM Implementation Manual, in co-operation with other stakeholders involved.

## B0-RSEQ

#### ATC07.1 Implement arrival management tools

Improve Traffic flow through Runway Sequencing (AMAN/DMAN)

- Implement initial basic arrival management tools
- Implement initial basic AMAN procedures Define, validate and implement ATC procedures for operational use of basic AMAN tools.
- Adapt TMA organisation to accommodate use of basic AMAN
- Implement basic AMAN functions Prepare and adapt ground ATC systems to support and implement basic AMAN functions.

# ATC15 Implement, in En-Route operations, information exchange mechanisms, tools and procedures in support of Basic AMAN operations

#### Improve Traffic flow through Runway Sequencing (AMAN/DMAN)

 Develop safety assessment for the changes - Develop safety assessment of the changes, notably ATC systems and procedures that will implement arrival management functionality in En-Route sectors and associated procedures.

The tasks to be done are as follows:

- Conduct hazard identification, risk assessment in order to define safety objectives and safety requirements mitigating the risks;

- Develop safety assessment;

- Deliver a safety assessment report to the NSA, if new standards are applicable or if the severity class of identified risks is 1 or 2.

This safety assessment shall be based on fully validated/recognised method.

- Adapt the ATC systems that will implement arrival management functionality in En-Route sectors in support of AMAN operations in adjacent/subjacent TMAs – Implement, in selected ATC systems, the necessary functionality and information exchanges to support the use of AMAN information in En-Route sectors requiring data exchange generated from AMAN systems and operations in adjacent/subjacent TMAs.
- Implement ATC procedures in En-Route airspace/sectors that will implement AMAN information and functionality - Define, validate and implement the necessary ATC procedures in selected En-Route airspace/sectors, to support the use of AMAN information in En-Route sectors that are interfacing with AMAN systems operating in adjacent/subjacent TMAs.

#### B0-FRTO

#### AOM19 Implement Advanced Airspace Management

Improved Operations through Enhanced En-Route Trajectories

 Implement Rolling ASM/ATFCM process - Implement Rolling ASM/ATFCM process comprising the following:

- Introduce Rolling airspace update process by providing for draft UUP reflecting any change in airspace use planning as described in the ASM Handbook;

- Consider advice by the NM to re-consider UUP;
- Submit UUP to NM as described in the ASM Handbook.
- Optimise flexible airspace structure design and availability Create CDRs and DCT, when appropriate, as a function of vertical and lateral sub-modular manageable areas design. Harmonise CDR and DCT, when appropriate, design and availability at national level (if affecting adjacent ATS units). The same applies at bilateral or sub-regional level.
- Improve accuracy of airspace booking Improve planning and allocation of reserved/segregated airspace at pre-tactical ASM level 2 in order to increase accuracy. Plan reserved/segregated airspace utilization in accordance with actual need. Release reserved/segregated non used airspace as soon as activity stops. Utilize reserved/segregated airspace that has not been planned in AUP (ad-hoc allocation procedure 3).
- Implement an improved Notification Process supporting the Rolling ASM/ATFCM process -Adapt flight planning operations to benefit from dynamic airspace changes. React to airspace changes as notified by means of electronic Airspace Management Information Message (eAMI) via B2B service, Re-Routing Proposal Message (RRP) and Network Operation Plan (NOP). Improve usage of route opportunity tool.
- Deploy automated ASM support systems Improve ASM system support by using either national or EUROCONTROL (Local and Regional ASM Application LARA) automated support system in airspace planning and allocation. Use simulation tool for ASM to access optimum airspace allocation.
   NAV03 Implementation of P-RNAV

Improved Operations through Enhanced En-Route Trajectories

- Develop and implement RNAV arrival and departure procedures for P-RNAV approved aircraft - Design, develop and implement RNAV arrival and departure procedures, and continuous descent approaches and declare these in the appropriate AIPs.
- Provide appropriate terrestrial navigation infrastructure to support RNAV operations Implement P-RNAV using basic GNSS (i.e. standalone GPS without ground or space based augmentations with RAIM and possibly also with Inertial Augmentation) or DME/DME modes of navigation. However, RNAV procedures are dependent upon sufficient DME transponders being distributed geographically to allow for DME/DME navigation in the absence of onboard GNSS equipment or GNSS failure. This requirement may mean new DME stations and/or the relocation of existing stations.
- Install appropriate RNAV equipment Install equipment meeting TGL 10. Where existing RNAV/FMS equipment meets only B-RNAV requirements, there will be a need to update or replace the systems. Many aircraft are already equipped with RNAV/FMS meeting TGL 10. For these it will be necessary to gain regulatory approval which will include operational approval for the application of the system on P-RNAV routes.
- Implement P-RNAV routes where identified as providing benefit Implement P-RNAV routes where such implementation can be demonstrated to provide additional capacity and where the implementation of such routes can be identified as operationally acceptable.
- Develop a Local P-RNAV Safety Case Demonstrate that the implementation of the new P-RNAV
  procedures designed is safe. The Safety Case shall comply with the ESARRs and shall take into
  account the national requirements established by the Regulatory Authorities. The P-RNAV Safety
  Argument could be used as a basis for the development of the Local P-RNAV Safety Case.

#### **B0-NOPS**

IM	proved Flow Performance through Planning based on a Network-Wide view		
•	<b>Supply ETFMS with Basic Correlated Position Data -</b> Provide ETFMS (Enhanced Tactical Flow Management System) with correlated Position Data for all airborne flights inside its Flight Data Processing Area. For the initial implementation of ETFMS, the NM accepts a limited number o existing message formats.		
•	Supply ETFMS with Standard Correlated Position Data - Provide ETFMS with Correlated Position Data for all airborne flights inside its Flight Data Processing Area in ASTERIX Category 062 format.		
•	<b>Receive and process ATFM data from the NM -</b> Ensure that all ATFM messages received from the NM are automatically correlated to the ATC Flight Plan data. The ATFM data is automaticall presented to the Air Traffic Controllers (as a minimum to the TWR Controllers) on strips or o electronic displays.		
•	<b>Inform NM of flight activations and estimates for ATFM purposes -</b> Send to NM a First System Activation (FSA) message as evidence of flight activations in the local ATC system. The FSA inform the NM of the actual position of the aircraft (i.e: the actual time of departure or the time and flight level at the FDPA entry co-ordination point).		
•	<b>Inform NM of re-routings inside FDPA for ATFM purposes -</b> Send an FSA message for flights for a route change which does not affect the exit point and when this information has not already been sent by an AFP message.		
•	Inform NM of aircraft holding for ATFM purposes - Send an FSA to inform the NM that the flight holding.		
•	<b>Supply NM with Departure Planning Information (DPI)</b> - Supply the NM/ETFMS with flight dat related updates that are only available shortly before departure. The DPI is used to supply the NI with the taxi-time and SID per flight and with the Take-Off Time based upon the departure sequence		

#### FCM06 Traffic Complexity Assessment

Improved Flow Performance through Planning based on a Network-Wide view

- Implement Local Traffic Load Management tool The automated tools shall support the continuous monitoring of the traffic loads per network node (sector, waypoint, route, route-segment) according to declared capacities and provide support to the local resource management.
- Implement Local Traffic Complexity tools and procedures Local traffic Complexity assessment tolls shall receive process and integrate EFD (ETFMS Flight Data) provided by NM.
- Provide EFD to the local traffic complexity tools Provide the EFD data to the local FDPSs.

## B0-ASUR

	ITY-SPI	Surveillance performance and interoperability
Ini		or ground surveillance
•	assessments fo Regulation (EU) the parties con- acceptance.	r oversight for the existing surveillance chain - Verify that the necessary safet r the existing surveillance chain (systems identified in Art. 2.1 (b), (c) and (d) of No 1207/2011 (SPI-IR)), as required by Art 9.1 of the Regulation are conducted b cerned and review, as appropriate, the safety assessment report(s) before the effers to systems in place at the date of entry into force of Regulation (EU) 1207/2011
•	1207/2011 (SPI data transferred	erability of surveillance data - As required by Article 5(1) of the Regulation (EU) N IR), air navigation service providers shall ensure interoperability of all surveillanc from their ground-based surveillance systems and their surveillance data processin navigation service providers are subject to a common protocol.
	for all existing ground-to-ground	<b>Assessment for the existing surveillance chain -</b> Conduct a safety assessmen ground-based surveillance systems, surveillance data processing systems and communications systems used for the distribution and processing of surveillance d in Art. 9.1 and Annex VI of SPI-IR.
•	Conduct a safe identified in Art.	<b>y Assessment for changes introduced to the surveillance infrastructure</b> ty assessment of the changes introduced to systems and associated procedures 2.1 (b), (c) and (d) of SPI-IR in order to achieve compliance with Article 9.2 of the regulation. The tasks to be done are as follows:
		rd identification, risk assessment in order to define safety objectives and safe tigating the risks; assessment;
	- Deliver a safet class of identified	ty assessment report to the NSA, if new standards are applicable or if the severi
		ssment shall be based on fully validated/recognised method.
•	of secondary su	<b>Deration of Mode S Elementary Surveillance -</b> Equip and certify for operational us rveillance radar transponders having the Mode S Elementary Surveillance capabilit t A of Annex II of the SPI-IR, the State aircraft operating as GAT in accordance with
•	Enhanced Surve Part C of Annex IFR rules with a true airspeed ca	<b>peration of ADS-B Out -</b> Equip with and certify for operational use of Mode eillance and ADS-B Out on 1090 Extended Squitter avionics, as set out in Part B ar II of the SPI-IR the transport-type State aircraft operating as GAT in accordance wi maximum certified take-off mass exceeding 5 700 kg or having a maximum cruisin pability greater than 250 knots. This is in addition to the capability set out in Part A e S Elementary Surveillance).

#### B0-CDO

#### Implement Continuous Descent Operations (CDO) techniques for ENV01 environmental improvements Improved Flexibility and Efficiency in Descent Profiles (CDO) Coordinate activities and implement rules and procedures for the application of CDO • techniques whenever practicable in Approach Control Service in close cooperation with aircraft operators - Provide the tactical and operational situational awareness support to allow aircrew to apply CDO. Support CDO measures, implement monitoring of performance and feedback to ANSP and • users where equipment is available. Provide the main link with the local community - In partnership with ANSPs and airlines select the most appropriate form of CDO from guidance material, to support activities and to report performance feedback to allow continual improvement. Include CDO techniques in the aircrew training manual and support its • implementation wherever possible - Provide suitable training, ensure awareness and encourage application of CDO techniques.

## <u>B0-TBO</u>

	ITY-AGDL	Initial ATC air-ground data link services above FL-285				
Improved Safety and Efficiency through the initial application of Data Link En-Route						
•	information pu	blication of relevant information in the national aeronautical ublication - Ensure that relevant information on the use of data link services is a national aeronautical information publications [Regulation (EC) No 29/2009, Article				
•	Procedures - M - Ensure that a available to op CPDLC data communication - Ensure that a implement an a services, notab supporting those - Ensure that has unambiguously	<b>DL-2 availability, security policy and address management</b> Member States which have designated ATS providers in the applicable airspace shall: ir-ground communications services satisfying requirements for ATN and VDL-2 are erators for aircraft flying within that airspace under their responsibility for CM and exchanges, with due regard to possible coverage limitations inherent in the technology used [Regulation (EC) No 29/2009, Article 7(1)]; ir navigation service providers and other entities providing communication services appropriate security policy for data exchanges of the DLIC, ACM, ACL and AMC bly by applying common security rules to protect distributed physical resources e data exchanges [Regulation (EC) No 29/2009, Article 7(2)]; armonised procedures apply for the management of addressing information in order to identify air and ground communications systems supporting data exchanges of the C air/ground applications [Regulation (EC) No 29/2009, Article 7(3)].				
•	- Entities provid their constituer	<b>I communication systems comply with air-ground communication requirements</b> ing communication services shall ensure that the ground communication systems and nts apply air-ground communications for CM and CPDLC data exchanges in a Article 9 of Regulation (EC) No 29/2009, allowing either ATN/VDL-2 or an alternative technology.				
•	entities providin	unication infrastructure to handle air-ground data link services - Ensure that the ag communication services for data exchanges of the air-ground applications deploy telecommunication infrastructure (e.g. based on ATN/VDL-Mode 2).				

• Ensure the conformity of communications, flight data and initial flight plan

**processing systems and associated procedures -** Ensure that air-ground communications systems, flight data processing systems and human-machine interface systems serving ATS units providing service to general air traffic within the applicable airspace areas comply with the following articles of Regulation (EC) No 29/2009:

- Article 1(3) on the operational coverage;

- Article 3(1) on the capability to provide and operate the DLIC, ACM, ACL and AMC data link services;

- Article 4 on procedures for CPDLC establishment, operation and termination, and for the filing of flight plans regarding information pertaining to data link capability;

- Article 5(1) on ground systems support of CM and CPDLC;

- Article 5(2) on seamless provision, message set and integrity requirements of end-to-end communications for data exchanges of the CM and CPDLC air-ground applications;

- Article 5(3) on service level agreement for communication services for CM and CPDLC data exchanges that may be provided by other organisations (i.e. CSPs);

- Article 5(4) on ensuring that data exchanges can be established with all compliant aircraft flying in the airspace under their responsibility;

- Article 5(5) on automated notification, coordination and transfer of flights between ATC units (Note that this requires implementation of LOF/NAN processes in accordance with Regulation (EC) No 1032/2006 - as complemented by Regulation (EC) No 30/2009 - refer to SES-related implementation objective ITY-COTR);

- Article 5(6) on performance monitoring;

- Article 9 on the application of air-ground communications in ground communication systems and their constituents for CM and CPDLC data exchanges, allowing either ATN/VDL-2 or an alternative communication technology;

- Article 13(1) and (2) on the ground-based recording of data link communications.

 Equip aircraft with data link equipment supporting the identified services - Their aircraft operating IFR/GAT flights within the applicable airspace above FL285 have the capability to operate the DLIC, ACM, ACL and AMC services [Article 1.(2).2 of COMMISSION IMPLEMENTING REGULATION 2015/310]

- Aircraft air-ground communication systems and their constituents support the CM and CPDLC airground applications [Regulation (EC) No 29/2009, Article 6(1)];

- Aircraft air-ground communication systems and their constituents apply end-to-end communications for data exchanges of the CM and CPDLC air-ground applications in compliance with Regulation (EC) No 29/2009, Article 6(2);

- Aircraft air-ground communication systems and their constituents apply air-ground communications for data exchanges of the CM and CPDLC air-ground applications in compliance with Regulation (EC) No 29/2009, Article 6(3), allowing either ATN/VDL-2 or an alternative communication technology.

 Specify relevant operational procedures - Specify and apply common standardised procedures consistent with relevant ICAO provisions for CPDLC establishment, operation and termination, and for the filing of flight plans regarding information pertaining to data link capability, in compliance with Regulation (EC) No 29/2009, Article 4.

**Arrange air-ground ATS data link service provision -** Make appropriate arrangements (with a CSP) to ensure that data exchanges can be established between their aircraft and all ATS units which may control the flights they operate in the applicable airspace, with due regard to possible coverage limitations inherent in the communication technology used [Regulation (EC) No 29/2009, Article 6(4)].